## OWNING A PET BIRD: THE 5s OF HOUSING



#### Size:

at least 2x bird's wingspan; tall enough to accommodate tail length



#### Species:

avoid housing different sized species together



#### Shape:

avoid round cages





long is better than





#### **Spacing:**

cage bar spacing should be appropriate to the species



SAFETY FIRST

#### Safety:

use cages made with bird-safe materials, replace rusty cages, keep cages clean, use bird-safe toys



### **OWNING A PET BIRD: CAGE HAZARDS**

#### Fabric & cotton toys

Do not use as they are choking & entanglement hazards



### **Quick links**

Use thicker ones as thin ones can pierce flesh and beaks

#### **Escape routes**

Esc

Secure doors and openings with zip-ties or swivel hooks to prevent escape



#### Bells

Tongues and beaks can get cut or stuck



#### Rust

Check cage regularly for rust as it can cause heavy metal poisoning if ingested



# OWNING A PET BIRD: CAGE HAZARDS

#### **Mirror Toys**

Do not use as they can cause hormonal behaviour or psychological issues



#### Grit

GRIT

Contrary to popular belief, parrots do NOT need grit to help digestion - grit can cause impaction!



# Plastic or Sandpaper perches

Improper perches can cause sores and wounds to develop over time.



#### **Small Beads**

Big parrots can choke on them if swallowed



#### **Unsafe Metals**

Unsafe: Zinc, lead, iron, rusty metals, etc
Safe: Stainless steel, aluminum, nickel, wrought

iron



#### **OWNING A PET BIRD:**

### **DANGERS AT HOME**



Exposed electrical cables pose electrocution hazard







Open windows and doors need to be closed or meshed

Never let birds mix with other pets

